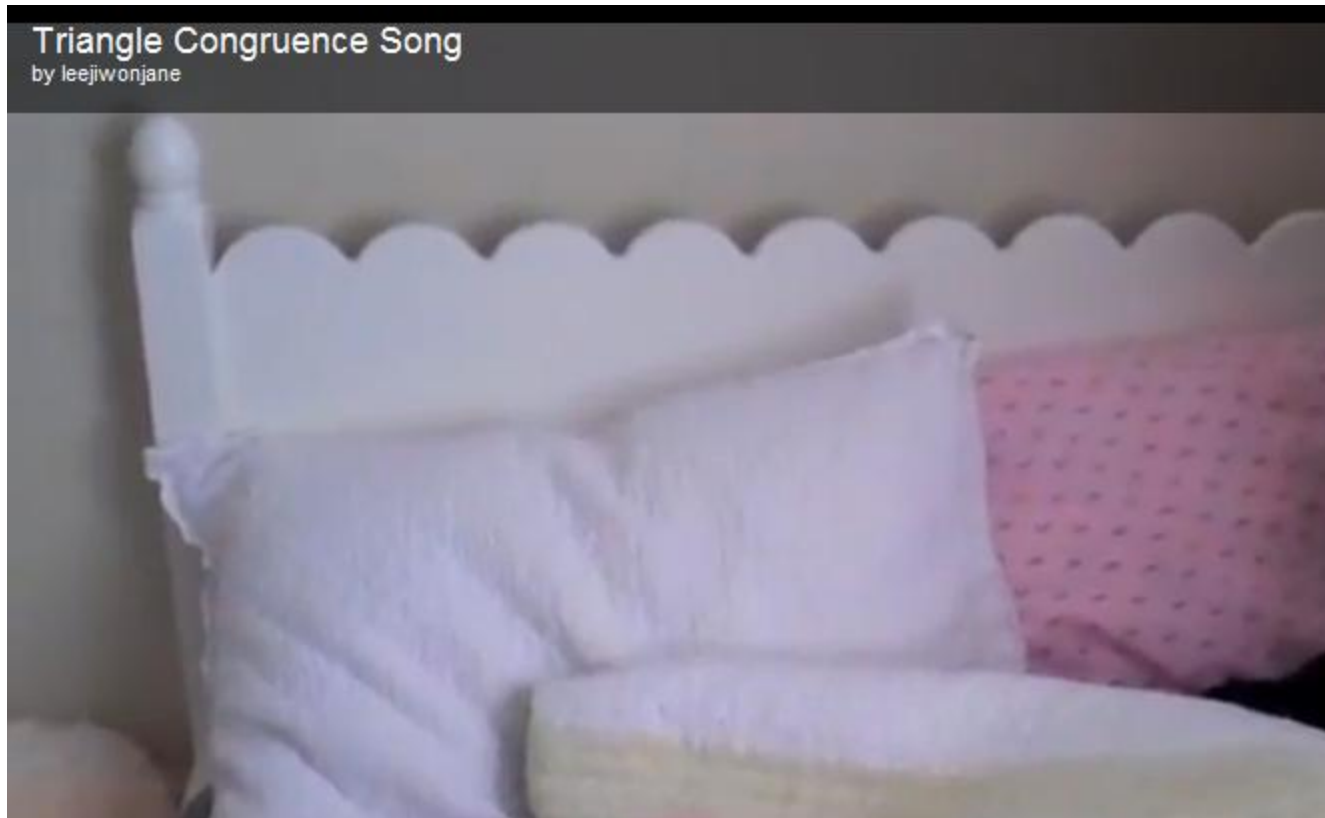


CHAPTER 5: CONGRUENT TRIANGLES

Section 5.1 Congruence and Triangles

Congruence Song





VOCABULARY AND NOTATION

Terms you need to know

Vocabulary

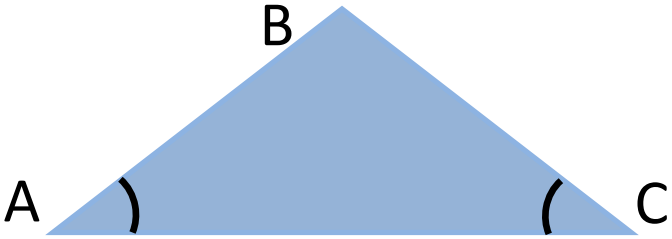
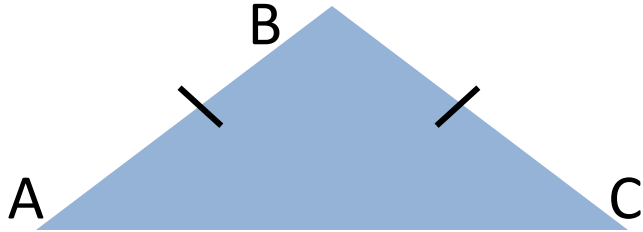
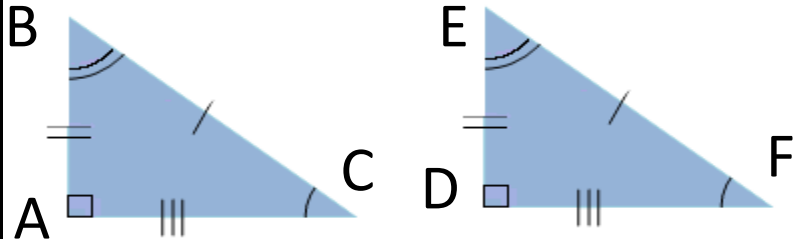
□ Corresponding Parts

- When two angles or two sides of a figure(s) have the same measure.

□ Congruent

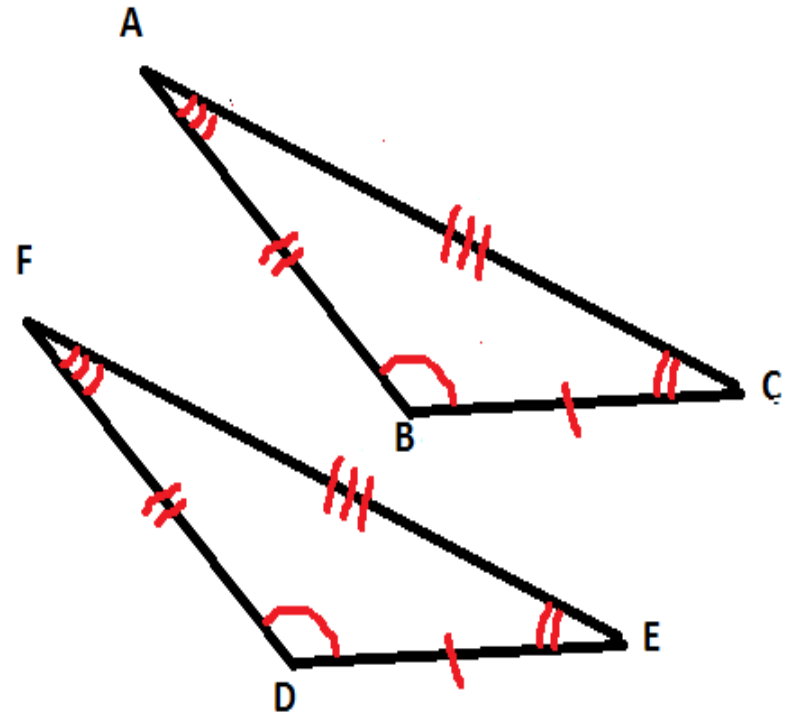
- Two geometric figures have exactly the same size and shape.
 - All pairs of corresponding sides and angles are the same
 - Congruent parts of congruent triangles are congruent.
(CPCTC)

Notation

	Symbol	Picture
Congruent Angles:	$\angle A \cong \angle C$	
Congruent Sides:	$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$	
Congruent Triangles:	$\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$	

Writing a congruence statement

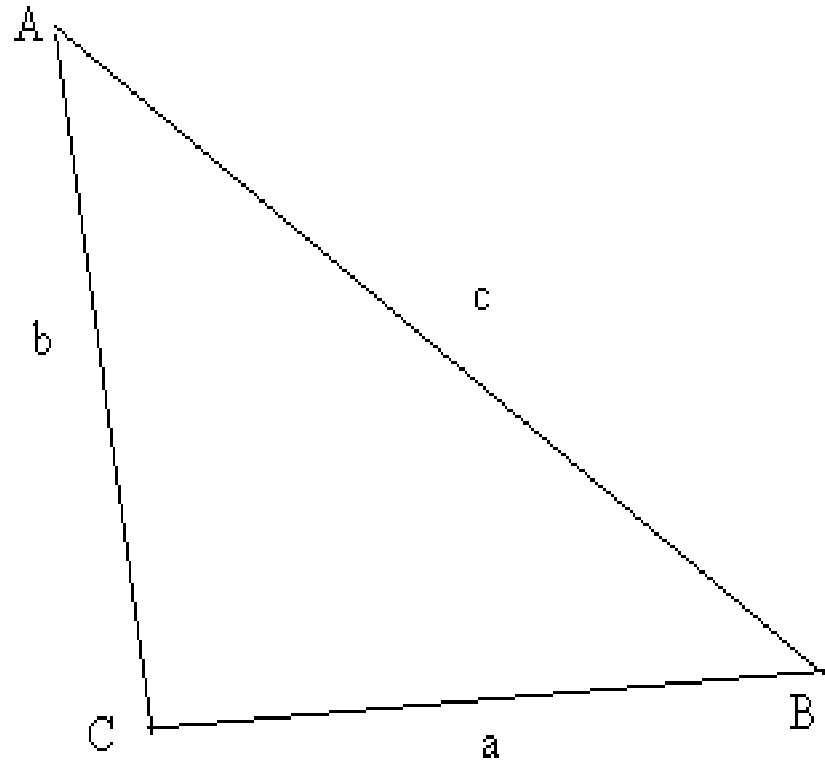
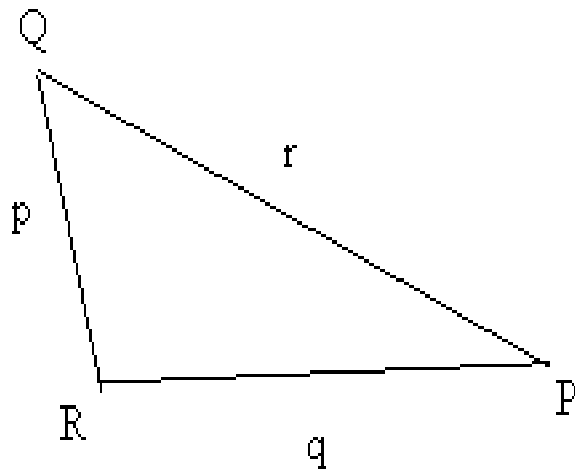
- Step 1:
Check that all corresponding parts are congruent.
- Step 2:
List the letters in the triangle names so that the corresponding angles match.
- $\angle A \cong \angle F$, $\angle B \cong \angle D$,
 $\angle C \cong \angle E$



Are they congruent?

Look for congruent sides and angles

Are they congruent?



EC = 2.725 cm

CD = 3.740 cm

HF = 2.725 cm

FG = 3.740 cm

Activity – Toe to Toe Geo

- Each person has one triangle.
- Mingle around the room while music plays.
- When the music stops, get toe to toe with the nearest person.
- Determine whether your triangles are congruent or not.
- Go to the side of the room that matches your answer.



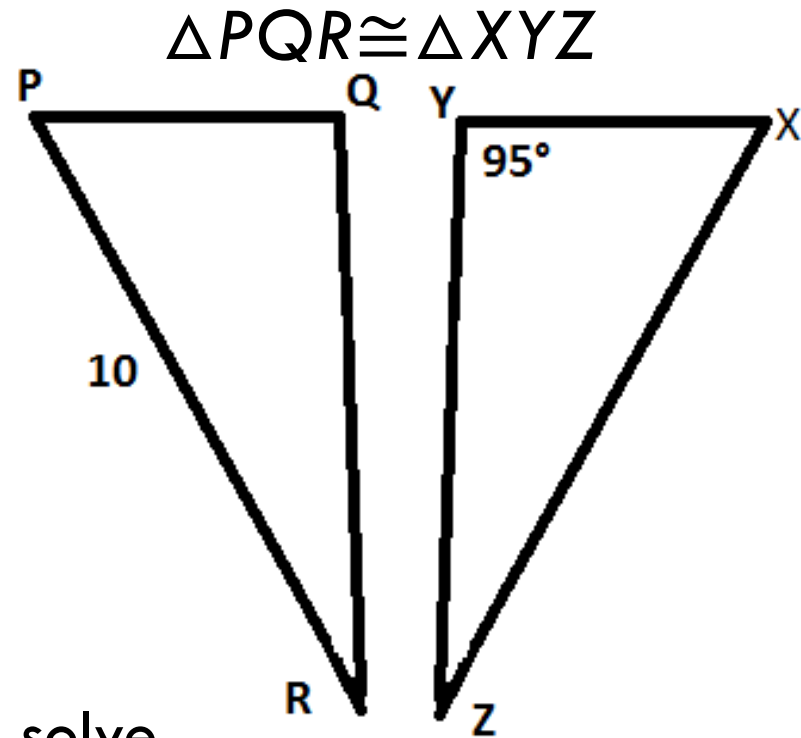
Application

Two examples

Example 1

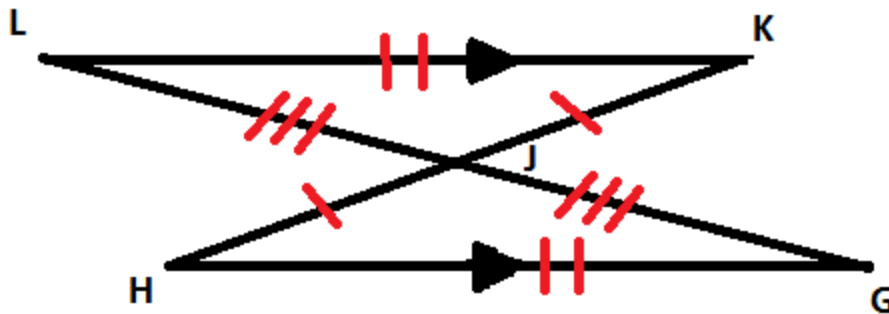
- Find the length of \overline{XZ} .
- Find the $m\angle Q$.

- ▣ Find the corresponding sides and angles.
 - $\overline{XZ} \cong \overline{PR}$
 - $\angle Q \cong \angle Y$
- ▣ Use the above information to solve.
 - $\overline{PR} = 10$, so $\overline{XZ} = 10$
 - $\angle Y = 95^\circ$, so $\angle Q = 95^\circ$.



Example 2

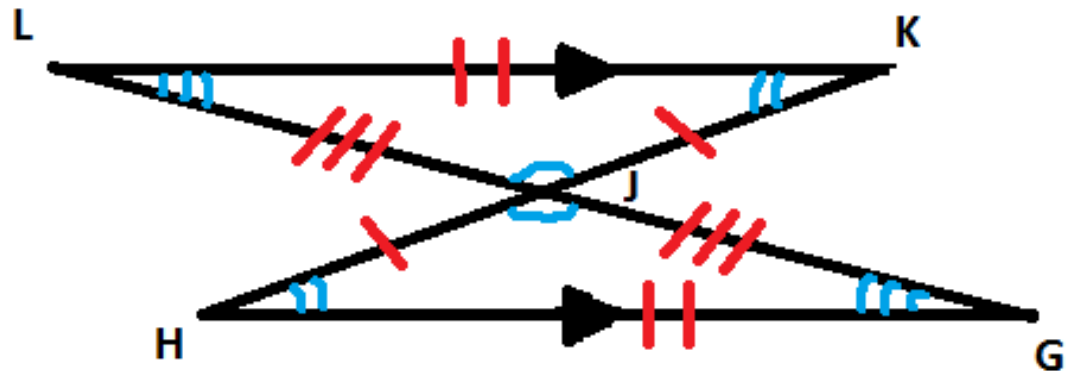
- In the figure, $\overline{HG} \parallel \overline{LK}$. Determine whether the triangles are congruent. If so, write a congruence statement.



- Recall, vertical angles are congruent.
- Recall, when parallel lines are cut by a transversal, the alternate interior angles are congruent.

Example 2: Continued

- $\overline{HJ} \cong \overline{KJ}, \overline{HG} \cong \overline{KL}, \overline{JG} \cong \overline{JL}$ Given
- $\angle HJK \cong \angle KJL$ Vertical Angles are congruent.
- $\angle H \cong \angle K$ Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
- $\angle G \cong \angle L$ Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
- Since all corresponding parts are congruent, the triangles are congruent.
- $\triangle HJG \cong \triangle KJL$



Assignment

Paragraph Outline

(5-8 sentences)

I. Topic sentence

II. 3-6 supporting statements

III. Conclusion

- ❑ Before you leave:
 - ❑ Write a paragraph explaining the key idea of the lesson today.
- ❑ Due tomorrow:
 - ❑ pp. 236-239 #'s: 16-50 evens

Sources

- Chandler, Laura. "Toe to Toe Geo." *Teaching Resources*. www.laurachandler.com. Web. 12 Apr. 2012.
- Larson, Ron, Laurie Boswell, and Lee Stiff. "Congruent Triangles." *Geometry: Concepts and Skills*. Evanston, IL: McDougal Littell, 2003. 233-39. Print
- Le, Chau, Jane Lee, and Jennifer Lee. "Triangle Congruence Song." *YouTube*. YouTube, 27 May 2011. Web. 12 Apr. 2012.