

Part A: A lake contains 20 frogs. Consider the following growth patterns:

- a. The frog population increases by *5 frogs* per month.
- b. The frog population increases by *5 percent* per month.

1. For each of these growth patterns, write an equation expressing the population (P) as a function of months (t) from the present.

[8]

- a. 5 frogs per month

- b. 5 percent per month

2. Determine the number of frogs after 1, 2 and 3 months under each of these patterns.

[8]

a.			b.	
t	P		t	P
0	500		0	500
1			1	
2			2	
3			3	

3. Graph your two functions, using the tables in #2.

[8]

- a.
- b.

4. In situation (a), while the amount of growth is the same each month, the *percent growth* is (decreasing / increasing / the same).

[8]

In situation (b), while the percent growth is the same each month, the *amount of growth* is (decreasing / increasing / the same).

The growth described in situation (a) can be described as _____ growth.

The growth described in situation (b) can be described as _____ growth.

Part B: You plan to place \$1000 in a savings account and leave it there for 2 years. Account A pays interest at an annual rate of *12.5% compounded annually*. Account B pays interest at an annual rate of *12% compounded monthly*.

1. Determine the amount you will have in each account after the 2 years. **Show all work!**

[12]

a. 12.5% compounded annually

b. 12% compounded monthly

2. Explain how the "compounding effect" allows you to earn money using method (b) even though the annual interest rate is lower.

[4]

Part C: Suppose the growth patterns of three towns are described by the functions below, where t measures years from the present.

$$\text{X: } P = 1000 (1.04)^t$$

$$\text{Y: } P = 2000 (1.03)^t$$

$$\text{Z: } P = 5000 + 100t$$

1. What is the *current size* of Town Y?

[4]

2. Which town will be the largest in the long run? **Explain your answer fully!**

[4]

3. Town Z is growing by (circle one):

[4]

> 100% per year

> 5000 people per year

> 100 people per year

Part D: Linear Programming

1. Consider the following linear program (LP):

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & P = 2x + 4y \\ \text{subject to} & 2x + 2y \leq 8 \\ & 3x + y \leq 6 \\ & x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{array}$$

a. Graph the feasible region. **Show all work needed** including calculations needed to find the intersection of the two constraints.

[14]

b. Determine the *optimal solution* and *objective value* for this LP. **Show all work needed to justify your answer!**

[8]

c. For the above LP:
> circle the *objective function*
> draw a box around a *constraint*
> what are the *decisions variables*?
> list one *feasible point*

[8]

2. You wish to determine a daily diet which costs as little as possible. Unfortunately you have only two foods to choose from -- Canned Milk and Peanut Butter. Your only requirements are that you must have at least 45 g. of protein in your diet and at most 2800 calories. Your two foods have the following characteristics per serving:

[14]

	<u>Cost (\$)</u>	<u>Calories</u>	<u>Protein (g)</u>
Canned Milk	.25	150	6
Peanut Butter	.15	180	7

Write a linear program which can be used to determine how much of each food you should eat per day. **Your LP must be complete in all respects -- you can use #1 above as an example!**