Badminton Written Test

1)	The winner of a women's singles game is the first to points? a) 15 b) 21 c) 11 d) 10
2)	The winner of men's singles, men's doubles, or women's doubles, is the first to points? a) 15 b) 21 c) 11 d) 10
3)	True or False: a point is scored on every volley, no matter who served
4)	True or False: the doubles court is shorter than the singles court
5)	If the shuttle hits the net on a serve and goes over, landing in the appropriate service court, it is called a? a) Fault b) Point c) Miss d) Let
6)	True or False: any portion of the shuttle may be struck during a serve
7)	What is the width of the doubles service court? a) 20 feet b) 15 feet c) 17 feet d) 22 feet
8)	 Which of the following is considered a fault? a) Striking the shuttle above the head on a return. b) Striking the shuttle above the waist on a serve. c) Striking a shuttle that is going out of bounds. d) Striking a shuttle in a downward motion on a return.

9)	Listing: Name 2 different types of strategy for doubles play.
10)) Which service court do you serve/receive from when the server has an even score (0, 2, 4, etc.)?
	a) Right service court
	b) Left Service court
11)	True or false: If the shuttle lands on a boundary line it is considered a fault
12	The height of a regulation net in the middle of the court is what?
	a) 4 feet
	b) 4 feet, 6 inches
	c) 5 feet, 4 inches
	d) 5 feet
13)	True or false: in doubles play, no receiver may receive 2 consecutive serves
14	A point is awarded when the returner:
	a) Hits the shuttle out-of-bounds.
	b) Fails to return the shuttle over the net.
	c) Commits a fault.
	d) All of the above.
15)) If a game is tied at 14 points, the first team to reach 14 may:
	a) Set the game at 3 more points.
	b) Decide to just play to 15.
	c) Both A and B are correct
	d) None of the above are correct

Badminton Written Test Answer Sheet

1)	The winner of a women's singles game is the first to points?
	a) 15
	b) 21
	c) 11
	d) 10
2)	The winner of men's singles, men's doubles, or women's doubles, is the first to
	points?
	a) 15
	b) 21
	c) 11
	d) 10
3)	True or False: a point is scored on every volley, no matter who served. False
4)	True or False: the doubles court is shorter than the singles court. True
5)	If the shuttle hits the net on a serve and goes over, landing in the appropriate service court, it is called a?
	a) Fault
	b) Point
	c) Miss
	d) Let
6)	True or False: any portion of the shuttle may be struck during a serve. False
7)	What is the width of the doubles service court?
	a) 20 feet
	b) 15 feet
	c) 17 feet
	d) 22 feet
8)	Which of the following is considered a fault?
	a) Striking the shuttle above the head on a return.
	b) Striking the shuttle above the waist on a serve.
	c) Striking a shuttle that is going out of bounds.
	d) Striking a shuttle in a downward motion on a return.

- 9) Listing: Name 2 different types of strategy for doubles play.
- Side by Side
- Up and Back
- 10) Which service court do you serve/receive from when the server has an even score (0, 2, 4, etc.)?
 - a) Right service court
 - b) Left Service court
- 11) True or false: If the shuttle lands on a boundary line it is considered a fault. False
- 12) The height of a regulation net in the middle of the court is what?
 - a) 4 feet
 - b) 4 feet, 6 inches
 - c) 5 feet, 4 inches
 - d) 5 feet
- 13) True or false: in doubles play, no receiver may receive 2 consecutive serves. **True**
- 14) A point is awarded when the returner:
 - a) Hits the shuttle out-of-bounds.
 - b) Fails to return the shuttle over the net.
 - c) Commits a fault.
 - d) All of the above.
- 15) If a game is tied at 14 points, the first team to reach 14 may:
 - a) Set the game at 3 more points.
 - b) Decide to just play to 15.
 - c) Both A and B are correct
 - d) None of the above are correct